House Bill 424 (AS PASSED HOUSE AND SENATE)

By: Representatives Silcox of the 52<sup>nd</sup>, Cooper of the 43<sup>rd</sup>, Kelley of the 16<sup>th</sup>, and Gravley of the 67<sup>th</sup>

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and
- 2 offenses, so as to repeal an enhanced penalty relating to battery against a person 65 years of
- 3 age or older; to revise a definition relative to the protection of disabled adults and elder
- 4 persons; to revise penalties related to trafficking of persons for labor or sexual servitude; to
- 5 include certain sex crimes into the definition of criminal gang activity; to revise and provide
- 6 for a definition; to amend Title 24 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 7 evidence, so as to revise rules pertaining to the admissibility of a complainant's past sexual
- 8 behavior in prosecutions for certain sexual offenses; to provide for exceptions; to amend
- 9 Code Section 31-7-12.1 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to unlicensed
- 10 personal care homes, so as to authorize inspections of unlicensed personal care homes by a
- 11 local or state law enforcement agency under certain circumstances; to provide for related
- matters; to provide for applicability; to provide for an effective date; to repeal conflicting
- laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

- 16 Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, is
- amended in Code Section 16-5-23.1, relating to battery, by revising subsections (c), (j), (k),
- 18 and (l) as follows:

- 19 "(c) Except as provided in subsections (d) through  $\frac{h}{h}$  of this Code section, a person who
- commits the offense of battery is guilty of a misdemeanor."
- 21 "(j) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (e) and paragraph (2) of subsection (f) of
- 22 this Code section, any person who commits the offense of battery against a person who is
- 23 65 years of age or older shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished for a misdemeanor of
- 24 a high and aggravated nature.
- 25 (k)(j) A person who is an employee, agent, or volunteer at any facility licensed or required
- to be licensed under Code Section 31-7-3, relating to long-term care facilities, or Code

27 Section 31-7-12.2, relating to assisted living communities, or Code Section 31-7-12, 28 relating to personal care homes, or who is required to be licensed pursuant to Code Section 29 31-7-151 or 31-7-173, relating to home health care and hospices, who commits the offense 30 of battery against a person who is admitted to or receiving services from such facility, 31 person, or entity shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by imprisonment for not less 32 than one nor more than five years, or a fine of not more than \$2,000.00, or both. 33 (1)(k) Any person who commits the offense of battery against a sports official while such sports official is officiating an amateur contest or while such sports official is on or exiting 34 35 the property where he or she will officiate or has completed officiating an amateur contest 36 shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished for a misdemeanor of a high and aggravated nature. For purposes of this Code section, the term 'sports official' means any person who 37 38 officiates, umpires, or referees an amateur contest at the collegiate, elementary or 39 secondary school, or recreational level."

40 **SECTION 2.** 

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Said title is further amended by revising subsection (f) of Code Section 16-5-46, relating to trafficking of persons for labor or sexual servitude, as follows:

"(f)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, any person who commits the offense of trafficking an individual for labor servitude <u>or sexual servitude</u> shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than ten nor more than 20 years and a fine not to exceed \$100,000.00.

- (2) Any person who commits the offense of trafficking an individual for labor servitude or sexual servitude against an individual who is under 18 years of age and such individual under the age of 18 years was coerced or deceived into being trafficked for labor or if the offense is committed against an individual who has a developmental disability, the person shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than 25 nor more than 50 years or life imprisonment and a fine not to exceed \$100,000.00.
- (3) Except as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection, any person who violates paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (c) of this Code section shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than ten nor more than 20 years.
  - (4) Any person who violates paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (c) of this Code section committed against an individual under 18 years of age and such individual under the age of 18 years was coerced or deceived into such violation or if such violation is committed against an individual who has a developmental disability, such person shall be guilty of

a felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than 25 nor more than 50 years or life imprisonment.

64 (5) Any person who violates paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of this Code section shall
65 be guilty of a felony. When such offense is committed against an individual who is 16
66 years of age or older, upon conviction, such person shall be punished by imprisonment
67 for not less than five nor more than 20 years. When such offense is committed against
68 an individual who is younger than 16 years of age or an individual known to have a
69 developmental disability, upon conviction, such person shall be punished by
70 imprisonment for not less than ten nor more than 20 years."

71 SECTION 3

- Said title is further amended in Code Section 16-5-100, relating to definitions relative to the protection of elder persons, by revising paragraph (6) as follows:
- 74 "(6) 'Exploit' means illegally or improperly using a disabled adult or elder person or that
  75 person's resources through undue influence, coercion, harassment, duress, deception, false
  76 representation, false pretense, or other similar means for one's own or another person's
  77 profit or advantage, including, but not limited to, the illegal taking of resources belonging
  78 to a disabled adult or elder person when access to the resources was obtained due to the
  79 disabled adult's or elder person's mental or physical incapacity."

SECTION 4.

- Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-15-3, relating to definitions, as follows:
- 83 "16-15-3.

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- As used in this chapter, the term:
- (1) 'Criminal gang activity' means the commission, attempted commission, conspiracy to commit, or <u>the</u> solicitation, coercion, or intimidation of another person to commit any of the following offenses on or after July 1, 2006:
- 88 (A) Any offense defined as racketeering activity by Code Section 16-14-3;
- 89 (B) Any offense defined in Article 7 of Chapter 5 of this title, relating to stalking;
- 90 (C) Any offense defined in Code Section 16-6-1 as rape, 16-6-2 as aggravated sodomy,
- 91 16-6-3 as statutory rape, or 16-6-22.2 as aggravated sexual battery;
- 92 (D) Any offense defined in Article 3 of Chapter 10 of this title, relating to escape and 93 other offenses related to confinement;
- 94 (E) Any offense defined in Article 4 of Chapter 11 of this title, relating to dangerous 95 instrumentalities and practices;

96 (F) Any offense defined in Code Section 42-5-15, 42-5-16, 42-5-17, 42-5-18, or

- 97 42-5-19, relating to the security of state or county correctional facilities;
- 98 (G) Any offense defined in Code Section 49-4A-11, relating to aiding or encouraging 99 a child to escape from custody;
- (H) Any offense of criminal trespass or criminal damage to property resulting from any act of gang related painting on, tagging, marking on, writing on, or creating any form of graffiti on the property of another;
  - (I) Any criminal offense committed in violation of the laws of the United States or its territories, dominions, or possessions, any of the several states, or any foreign nation which, if committed in this state, would be considered criminal gang activity under this Code section; and
    - (J) Any criminal offense in the State of Georgia, any other state, or the United States that involves violence, possession of a weapon, or use of a weapon, whether designated as a felony or not, and regardless of the maximum sentence that could be imposed or actually was imposed.
  - (2) 'Criminal gang activity' on and after the effective date of this paragraph shall also mean the commission, attempted commission, conspiracy to commit, or the solicitation, coercion, or intimidation of another person to commit on and after the effective date of this paragraph any offense defined in Code Section 16-5-46 as trafficking persons for labor servitude or sexual servitude, 16-6-10 as keeping a place of prostitution, 16-6-11 as pimping, or 16-6-12 as pandering.
  - (3) 'Criminal street gang' means any organization, association, or group of three or more persons associated in fact, whether formal or informal, which engages in criminal gang activity as defined in paragraph (1) of this Code section. The existence of such organization, association, or group of individuals associated in fact may be established by evidence of a common name or common identifying signs, symbols, tattoos, graffiti, or attire or other distinguishing characteristics, including, but not limited to, common activities, customs, or behaviors. Such term shall not include three or more persons, associated in fact, whether formal or informal, who are not engaged in criminal gang activity."

126 **SECTION 5.** 

Title 24 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to evidence, is amended by revising Code Section 24-4-412, relating to complainant's past sexual behavior not admissible in prosecutions for certain sexual offenses and exceptions, as follows:

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(a) In any prosecution for rape in violation of Code Section 16-6-1; aggravated assault with the intent to rape in violation of Code Section 16-5-21; trafficking persons for labor servitude or sexual servitude in violation of Code Section 16-5-46; aggravated sodomy or sodomy in violation of Code Section 16-6-2; statutory rape in violation of Code Section 16-6-3; aggravated child molestation or child molestation in violation of Code Section 16-6-4; keeping a place of prostitution in violation of Code Section 16-6-10; pimping in violation of Code Section 16-6-11; pandering in violation of Code Section 16-6-12; incest in violation of Code Section 16-6-22; sexual battery in violation of Code Section 16-6-22.1; or aggravated sexual battery in violation of Code Section 16-6-22.2, evidence relating to the past sexual behavior of the complaining witness shall not be admissible, either as direct evidence or on cross-examination of the complaining witness or other witnesses, except as provided in this Code section. For the purposes of this Code section, evidence of past sexual behavior includes, but is not limited to, evidence of the complaining witness's marital history, mode of dress, general reputation for promiscuity, nonchastity, or sexual mores contrary to the community standards. (b) In any prosecution for rape in violation of Code Section 16-6-1; aggravated assault with the intent to rape in violation of Code Section 16-5-21; <u>trafficking persons for labor</u> servitude or sexual servitude in violation of Code Section 16-5-46; aggravated sodomy or sodomy in violation of Code Section 16-6-2; statutory rape in violation of Code Section 16-6-3; aggravated child molestation or child molestation in violation of Code Section 16-6-4; keeping a place of prostitution in violation of Code Section 16-6-10; pimping in violation of Code Section 16-6-11; pandering in violation of Code Section 16-6-12; incest in violation of Code Section 16-6-22; sexual battery in violation of Code Section 16-6-22.1; or aggravated sexual battery in violation of Code Section 16-6-22.2, evidence relating to the past sexual behavior of the complaining witness may be introduced if the court may admit the following evidence relating to the past sexual <u>behavior of the complaining witness</u>, following the procedure described in subsection (c) of this Code section, finds that the past sexual behavior directly involved the participation of the accused and finds that the evidence expected to be introduced supports an inference that the accused could have reasonably believed that the complaining witness consented to the conduct complained of in the prosecution: (1) Evidence of specific instances of a victim's or complaining witness's sexual behavior, if offered to prove that someone other than the defendant was the source of semen, injury, or other physical evidence; (2) Evidence of specific instances of a victim's or complaining witness's sexual behavior with respect to the defendant if it supports an inference that the accused could have

167 reasonably believed that the complaining witness consented to the conduct complained of in the prosecution; 168 169 (3) Evidence of specific instances of a victim's or complaining witness's sexual behavior 170 with respect to the defendant or another person if offered by the prosecutor; and (4) Evidence whose exclusion would violate the defendant's constitutional rights. 171 172 (c) The procedure for introducing evidence as described in subsection (b) of this Code 173 section shall be as follows: 174 (1) At the time the defense seeks to introduce evidence which would be covered by 175 subsection (b) of this Code section, the defense shall notify the court of such intent, 176 whereupon the court shall conduct an in camera hearing to examine the accused's offer of proof; If a party intends to offer evidence under subsection (b), the party must: 177 178 (A) File a motion that specifically describes the evidence and states the purpose for 179 which it is to be offered; and (B) Do so at least three days before trial unless the court, for good cause, sets a 180 181 different date; and 182 (2) At the conclusion of the hearing, if the court finds that any of the evidence introduced at the hearing is admissible under subsection (b) of this Code section or is so highly 183 184 material that it will substantially support a conclusion that the accused reasonably 185 believed that the complaining witness consented to the conduct complained of and that justice mandates the admission of such evidence, the court shall by order state what 186 187 evidence may be introduced by the defense at the trial of the case and in what manner the 188 evidence may be introduced; and 189 (3)(2) Before admitting the evidence under this Code section, the court shall conduct an 190 in camera hearing to examine the merits of the motion The defense may then introduce 191 evidence pursuant to the order of the court." 192 **SECTION 6.** Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 24-8-820, relating to testimony as to 193 194 child's description of sexual contact or physical abuse, as follows: 195 "24-8-820. (a) A statement made by a child younger than 16 years of age describing any act of sexual 196 contact or physical abuse performed with or on such child by another or with or on another 197

(a) A statement made by a child younger than 16 years of age describing any act of sexual contact or physical abuse performed with or on such child by another or with or on another in the presence of such child shall be admissible in evidence by the testimony of the person to whom made if the proponent of such statement provides notice to the adverse party prior to trial of the intention to use such out-of-court statement and such child testifies at the trial, unless the adverse party forfeits or waives such child's testimony as provided in this title, and, at the time of the testimony regarding the out-of-court statements, the person to

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whom the child made such statement is subject to cross-examination regarding the out-of-court statements.

(b) This Code section shall apply to any motion made or hearing or trial commenced on or after the effective date of this subsection."

**SECTION 7.** 

Code Section 31-7-12.1 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to unlicensed personal care homes, is amended by revising subsection (g) and by adding a new subsection to read as follows:

"(g) Upon the designation by the department and with the consent of any local or state law enforcement agency, and subject to a written memorandum of understanding between the department and such agencies, Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training certified investigators of such law enforcement agencies may act as agents of the department in conducting inspections of unlicensed personal care homes required to be licensed under this chapter. Such investigations shall be limited to instances where a law enforcement agency is performing law enforcement duties and has consent or a warrant to enter the home. Law enforcement agencies shall not be authorized to recoup any of the costs of

inspections performed pursuant to this subsection from the department.

(h) Any person who owns or operates a personal care home in violation of subsection (b) of Code Section 31-7-12 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor for a first violation, unless such violation is in conjunction with abuse, neglect, or exploitation as defined in Code Section 30-5-3 a violation of Article 8 of Chapter 5 of Title 16, in which case such person shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than five years. Upon conviction for a second or subsequent such violation, such person shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than ten years."

**SECTION 8.** 

Section 3 of this Act shall apply to offenses occurring on or after the effective date of this Act. Sections 4 and 5 of this Act shall apply to any motion made or hearing or trial commenced on or after the effective date of this Act.

**SECTION 9.** 

This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law without such approval.

235 **SECTION 10.** 

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.