A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

To provide a new charter for the City of Sardis; to provide for incorporation, boundaries, and powers of the city; to provide for the exercise of powers and limitations on powers; to provide for a governing authority of such city and the powers, duties, authority, prohibitions, election, terms, removal from office, method of filling vacancies, compensation, expenses, and qualifications; to provide for conflict of interest and holding other offices; to provide for inquiries and investigations; to provide for organization and meeting procedures; to provide for ordinances; to provide for eminent domain; to provide for codes; to provide for the office of mayor and certain duties and powers relative to the office of mayor; to provide for veto power; to provide for a mayor pro tempore; to provide for administrative responsibilities; to provide for boards, commissions, and authorities; to provide for a city attorney, city clerk, and other personnel; to provide for a comprehensive land use plan; to provide for the establishment of a municipal court and the judge or judges thereof; to provide for practices and procedures; to provide for taxation, permits, and fees; to provide for franchises, service charges, and assessments; to provide for bonded and other indebtedness; to provide for accounting and budgeting; to provide for contracting and purchasing; to provide for sale of city property; to provide for bonds for officials; to provide for pending matters; to provide for definitions and construction; to provide for severability; to provide for related matters; to repeal a specific Act; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

ARTICLE I.

INCORPORATION AND POWERS

SECTION 1.10.

Incorporation.

This city and the inhabitants thereof are reincorporated by the enactment of this charter and are hereby constituted and declared a municipality and body politic and corporate under the name and style City of Sardis, Georgia, and by that name shall have perpetual succession.

SECTION 1.11.

Corporate boundaries.

(a) The boundaries of this city shall be those existing on the effective date of the adoption of this charter with such alterations as may be made from time to time in the manner provided by law. The boundaries of this city at all times shall be shown on a map, a written description or any combination thereof, to be retained permanently in the city hall and to be designated, as the case may be: "Official Map (or Description) of the corporate limits of the City of Sardis, Georgia." Photographic, typed, or other copies of such map or description certified by the city clerk shall be admitted as evidence in all courts and shall have the same force and effect as with the original map or description.

(b) The city council may provide for the redrawing of any such map by ordinance to reflect lawful changes in the corporate boundaries. A redrawn map shall supersede for all purposes the entire map or maps, which it is designated to replace.
SECTION 1.12.
Powers and construction.

(a) This city shall have all powers possible for a city to have under the present or future constitution and laws of this state as fully and completely as though they were specifically enumerated in this charter. This city shall have all the powers of self-government not otherwise prohibited by this charter or by general law.

(b) The powers of this city shall be construed liberally in favor of the city. The specific mention or failure to mention particular powers shall not be construed as limiting in any way the powers of this city.

SECTION 1.13.
Examples of powers.

The powers of the city shall include, but are not limited to:

(1) Animal Regulations. To regulate and license or to prohibit the keeping or running at-large of animals and fowl, and to provide for the impoundment of same if in violation of any ordinance or lawful order; to provide for the disposition by sale, gift, or humane destruction of animals and fowl when not redeemed as provided by ordinance; and to provide punishment for violation of ordinances enacted under this charter;

(2) Appropriations and Expenditures. To make appropriations for the support of the government of the city; to authorize the expenditure of money for any purposes authorized by this charter and for any purpose for which a municipality is authorized by the laws of the State of Georgia; and to provide for the payment of expenses of the city;

(3) Building Regulation. To regulate and to license the erection and construction of buildings and all other structures; to adopt building, housing, plumbing, fire safety,
electrical, gas, and heating and air conditioning codes; and to regulate all housing, and
building trades;
(4) Business Regulation and Taxation. To levy and to provide for the collection of
regulatory fees and taxes on privileges, occupations, trades, and professions as authorized
by Title 48 of the O.C.G.A., or other such applicable laws as are or may hereafter be
enacted; to permit and regulate the same; to provide for the manner and method of
payment of such regulatory fees and taxes; and to revoke such permits after due process
for failure to pay any city taxes or fees;
(5) Condemnation. To condemn property, inside or outside the corporate limits of the
city, for present or future use and for any corporate purpose deemed necessary by the
governing authority, utilizing procedures enumerated in Title 22 of the O.C.G.A., or such
other applicable laws as are now or may hereafter be enacted;
(6) Contracts. To enter into contracts and agreements with other governmental entities
and with private persons, firms, and corporations;
(7) Emergencies. To establish procedures for determining and proclaiming that an
emergency situation exists within or outside the city, and to make and carry out all
reasonable provisions deemed necessary to deal with or meet such an emergency for the
protection, safety, health, or well-being of the citizens of the city;
(8) Environmental Protection. To protect and preserve the natural resources,
environment, and vital areas of the state through the preservation and improvement of air
quality, the restoration and maintenance of water resources, the control of erosion and
sedimentation, the management of storm-water and establishment of a storm-water utility,
the management of solid and hazardous waste, and other necessary actions for the
protection of the environment;
(9) Fire Regulations. To fix and establish fire limits and from time to time to extend,
enlarge, or restrict the same; to prescribe fire safety regulations not inconsistent with
general law, relating to both fire prevention and detection and to fire fighting; and to
prescribe penalties and punishment for violations thereof;
(10) Garbage Fees. To levy, fix, assess, and collect a garbage, refuse and trash collection
and disposal, and other sanitary service charge, tax, or fee for such services as may be
necessary in the operation of the city from all individuals, firms, and corporations
residing in or doing business in the city benefiting from such services; to enforce the
payment of such charges, taxes, or fees; and to provide for the manner and method of
collecting such service charges;
(11) General Health, Safety, and Welfare. To define, regulate, and prohibit any act,
practice, conduct, or use of property which is detrimental to health, sanitation,
cleanliness, welfare, and safety of the inhabitants of the city, and to provide for the
enforcement of such standards;
(12) Gifts. To accept or refuse gifts, donations, bequests, or grants from any source for
any purpose related to powers and duties of the city and the general welfare of its
citizens, on such terms and conditions as the donor or grantor may impose;
(13) Health and Sanitation. To prescribe standards of health and sanitation and to
provide for the enforcement of such standards;
(14) Jail Sentences. To provide that persons given jail sentences in the municipal court
may work out such sentences in any public works or on the streets, roads, drains, and
other public property in the city, to provide for commitment of such persons to any jail,
to provide for the use of pretrial diversion and any alternative sentencing allowed by law,
or to provide for commitment of such persons to any county work camp or county jail by
agreement with the appropriate county officials;
(15) Motor Vehicles. To regulate the operation of motor vehicles and exercise control
over all traffic, including parking upon or across the streets, roads, alleys, and walkways
of the city;
(16) Municipal Agencies and Delegation of Power. To create, alter, or abolish departments, boards, offices, commissions, and agencies of the city, and to confer upon such agencies the necessary and appropriate authority for carrying out all the powers conferred upon or delegated to the same;

(17) Municipal Debts. To appropriate and borrow money for the payment of debts of the city and to issue bonds for the purpose of raising revenue to carry out any project, program, or venture authorized by this charter or the laws of the State of Georgia;

(18) Municipal Property Ownership. To acquire, dispose of, lease, and hold in trust or otherwise, any real, personal, or mixed property, in fee simple or lesser interest, inside or outside the property limits of the city;

(19) Municipal Property Protection. To provide for the preservation and protection of property and equipment of the city, and the administration and use of same by the public; and to prescribe penalties and punishment for violations thereof;

(20) Municipal Utilities. To acquire, lease, construct, operate, maintain, sell, and dispose of public utilities, including but not limited to a system of waterworks, sewers and drains, sewage disposal, storm-water management, gas works, electric light plants, cable television and other telecommunications, transportation facilities, public airports, and any other public utility; and to fix the taxes, charges, rates, fares, fees, assessments, regulations, and penalties; and to provide for the withdrawal of service for refusal or failure to pay the same;

(21) Nuisance. To define a nuisance and provide for its abatement whether on public or private property;

(22) Penalties. To provide penalties for violation of any ordinances adopted pursuant to the authority of this charter and the laws of the State of Georgia;

(23) Planning and Zoning. To provide comprehensive city planning for development by zoning; and to provide subdivision regulation and the like as the city council deems necessary and reasonable to insure a safe, healthy, and aesthetically pleasing community;
(24) Police and Fire Protection. To exercise the power of arrest through duly appointed
police officers, and to establish, operate, or contract for a police and a firefighting
agency;
(25) Public Hazards: Removal. To provide for the destruction and removal of any
building or other structure which is or may become dangerous or detrimental to the
public;
(26) Public Improvements. To provide for the acquisition, construction, building,
operation, and maintenance of public ways, parks and playgrounds, public grounds,
recreational facilities, cemeteries, markets and market houses, public buildings, libraries,
sewers, drains, sewage treatment, waterworks, electrical systems, gas systems, other
public utilities, public housing, airports, hospitals, terminals, docks, parking facilities, and
charitable, cultural, educational, recreational, conservation, sport, curative, corrective,
detentional, penal, and medical institutions, agencies, and facilities; and to provide any
other public improvements, inside or outside the corporate limits of the city; to regulate
the use of public improvements; and for such purposes, property may be acquired by
condemnation under Title 22 of the O.C.G.A., or such other applicable laws as are or may
hereafter be enacted;
(27) Public Peace. To provide for the prevention and punishment of loitering, disorderly
conduct, drunkenness, riots, and public disturbances;
(28) Public Transportation. To organize and operate such public transportation systems
as are deemed beneficial;
(29) Public Utilities and Services. To grant franchises or make contracts for, or impose
taxes on public utilities and public service companies; and to prescribe the rates, fares,
regulations, and standards and conditions of service applicable to the service to be
provided by the franchise grantee or contractor, insofar as not in conflict with valid
regulations of the Georgia Public Service Commission;
(30) Regulation of Roadside Areas. To prohibit or regulate and control the erection, removal, and maintenance of signs, billboards, trees, shrubs, fences, buildings, and any and all other structures or obstructions upon or adjacent to the rights-of-way of streets and roads or within view thereof, within or abutting the corporate limits of the city; and to prescribe penalties and punishment for violation of such ordinances;

(31) Retirement. To provide and maintain a retirement plan and other employee benefit plans and programs for officers and employees of the city;

(32) Roadways. To lay out, open, extend, widen, narrow, establish or change the grade of, abandon or close, construct, pave, curb, gutter, adorn with shade trees, or otherwise improve, maintain, repair, clean, prevent erosion of, and light the roads, alleys, and walkways within the corporate limits of the city; and to grant franchises and rights-of-way throughout the streets and roads, and over the bridges and viaducts for the use of public utilities; and to require real estate owners to repair and maintain in a safe condition the sidewalks adjoining their lots or lands, and to impose penalties for failure to do so;

(33) Sewer Fees. To levy a fee, charge, or sewer tax as necessary to assure the acquiring, constructing, equipping, operating, maintaining, and extending of a sewage disposal plant and sewerage system, and to levy on those to whom sewers and sewerage systems are made available a sewer service fee, charge, or sewer tax for the availability or use of the sewers; to provide for the manner and method of collecting such service charges and for enforcing payment of the same; and to charge, impose, and collect a sewer connection fee or fees to those connected with the system;

(34) Solid Waste Disposal. To provide for the collection and disposal of garbage, rubbish, and refuse, and to regulate the collection and disposal of garbage, rubbish, and refuse by others; and to provide for the separate collection of glass, tin, aluminum, cardboard, paper, and other recyclable materials, and to provide for the sale of such items;
(35) Special Areas of Public Regulation. To regulate or prohibit junk dealers and the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors; to regulate the transportation, storage, and use of combustible, explosive, and inflammable materials, the use of lighting and heating equipment, and any other business or situation which may be dangerous to persons or property; to regulate and control the conduct of peddlers and itinerant traders, theatrical performances, exhibitions, and shows of any kind, by taxation or otherwise; and to license, tax, regulate, or prohibit professional fortunetelling, palmistry, and massage parlors; and to restrict adult bookstores to certain areas;

(36) Special Assessments. To levy and provide for the collection of special assessments to cover the costs for any public improvements;

(37) Taxes: Ad Valorem. To levy and provide for the assessment, valuation, revaluation, and collection of taxes on all property subject to taxation;

(38) Taxes: Other. To levy and collect such other taxes as may be allowed now or in the future by law;

(39) Taxicabs. To regulate and license vehicles operated for hire in the city; to limit the number of such vehicles; to require the operators thereof to be licensed; to require public liability insurance on such vehicles in the amounts to be prescribed by ordinance; and to regulate the parking of such vehicles;

(40) Urban Redevelopment. To organize and operate an urban redevelopment program; and

(41) Other Powers. To exercise and enjoy all other powers, functions, rights, privileges, and immunities necessary or desirable to promote or protect the safety, health, peace, security, good order, comfort, convenience, or general welfare of the city and its inhabitants; and to exercise all implied powers necessary or desirable to carry into execution all powers granted in this charter as fully and completely as if such powers were fully stated in this charter; and to exercise all powers now or in the future authorized to be exercised by other municipal governments under other laws of the State of Georgia;

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and no listing of particular powers in this charter shall be held to be exclusive of others, nor restrictive of general words and phrases granting powers, but shall be held to be in addition to such powers unless expressly prohibited to municipalities under the Constitution or applicable laws of the State of Georgia.

SECTION 1.14.
Exercise of powers.

All powers, functions, rights, privileges, and immunities of the city, its officers, agencies, or employees shall be carried into execution as provided by this charter. If this charter makes no provision, such shall be carried into execution as provided by ordinance or as provided by pertinent laws of the State of Georgia.

ARTICLE II.
GOVERNMENT STRUCTURE

SECTION 2.10.
City council creation; number; election.

The legislative authority of the government of this city, except as otherwise specifically provided in this charter, shall be vested in a city council to be composed of a mayor and five councilmembers. Councilmembers shall be elected at large by the voters of the city in accordance with the provisions of Article V of this charter. The mayor shall be elected as provided in Section 2.28 of this charter. The city council established shall in all respects be the successor to and continuation of the governing authority under prior law. The mayor and councilmembers shall be elected in the manner provided by general law and this charter.
SECTION 2.11.  
City councilmembers; terms and qualifications for office.

The members of the city council shall serve for terms of four years and until their respective successors are elected and qualified. No person shall be eligible to serve as a councilmember unless that person shall have been a resident of the city for 12 months prior to the date of election of members of the council; each shall continue to reside therein during that member's period of service and to be registered and qualified to vote in municipal elections of this city.

SECTION 2.12.  
Vacancy; filling of vacancies; suspensions.

(a) The office of mayor or councilmember shall become vacant upon the incumbent's death, resignation, forfeiture of office, or occurrence of any event specified by the Constitution of the State of Georgia, Title 45 of the O.C.G.A., or such other applicable laws as are or may hereafter be enacted.

(b) A vacancy in the office of mayor or councilmember shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term, if any, by appointment by the city council or those members remaining if less than 14 months remains in the unexpired term. If such vacancy occurs 14 months or more prior to the expiration of the term of that office, it shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term by a special election, as provided for in Section 5.14 of this charter.

(c) This provision shall also apply to a temporary vacancy created by the suspension from office of the mayor or any councilmember.
SECTION 2.13. Compensation and expenses.

The mayor and councilmembers shall receive compensation and expenses for their services as provided by ordinance.

SECTION 2.14. Conflicts of interest; holding other offices.

(a) Elected and appointed officers of the city are trustees and servants of the residents of the city and shall act in a fiduciary capacity for the benefit of such residents.

(b) No elected official, appointed officer, or employee of the city or any agency or political entity to which this charter applies shall knowingly:

1. Engage in any business or transaction, or have a financial interest or other personal interest, direct or indirect, which is incompatible with the proper discharge of that person's official duties or which would tend to impair the independence of that person's judgment or action in the performance of that person's official duties;

2. Engage in or accept private employment, or render services for private interests when such employment or service is incompatible with the proper discharge of that person's official duties or would tend to impair the independence of that person's judgment or action in the performance of that person's official duties;

3. Disclose confidential information, including information obtained at meetings which are closed pursuant to Chapter 14 of Title 50 of the O.C.G.A., concerning the property, government, or affairs of the governmental body by which that person is engaged without proper legal authorization; or use such information to advance the financial or other private interest of that person or others;
(4) Accept any valuable gift, whether in the form of service, loan, thing, or promise, from any person, firm, or corporation which to that person's knowledge is interested, directly or indirectly, in any manner whatsoever, in business dealings with the governmental body by which that person is engaged; provided, however, that an elected official who is a candidate for public office may accept campaign contributions and services in connection with any such campaign;

(5) Represent other private interests in any action or proceeding against this city or any portion of its government; or

(6) Vote or otherwise participate in the negotiation or in the making of any contract with any business or entity in which that person has a financial interest.

(c) Any elected official, appointed officer, or employee who shall have any financial interest, directly or indirectly, in any contract or matter pending before or within any department of the city shall disclose such interest to the city council. The mayor or any councilmember who has a financial interest in any matter pending before the city council shall disclose such interest and such disclosure shall be entered on the records of the city council, and that person shall disqualify himself or herself from participating in any decision or vote relating thereto. Any elected official, appointed officer, or employee of any agency or political entity to which this charter applies who shall have any financial interest, directly or indirectly, in any contract or matter pending before or within such entity shall disclose such interest to the governing body of such agency or entity.

(d) No elected official, appointed officer, or employee of the city or any agency or entity to which this charter applies shall use property owned by such governmental entity for personal benefit, convenience, or profit except in accordance with policies promulgated by the city council or the governing body of such agency or entity.

(e) Any violation of this section which occurs with the knowledge, express or implied, of a party to a contract or sale shall render said contract or sale voidable at the option of the city council.
(f) Except where authorized by law, neither the mayor nor any councilmember shall hold any other elective or compensated appointive office in the city or otherwise be employed by said government or any agency thereof during the term for which that person was elected. No former councilmember and no former mayor shall hold any compensated appointive office in the city until two years after the expiration of the term for which that official was elected.

(g) No appointed officer or employee of the city shall continue in such employment upon qualifying as a candidate for nomination or election to any city public office. No employee of the city shall continue in such employment upon qualifying for any other public office which is inconsistent, incompatible, or in conflict with the duties of the city employee. Such determination shall be made by the mayor and council either immediately upon qualifying or at any time such conflict may arise.

(h) Penalties for Violation.

(1) Any city officer or employee who knowingly conceals such financial interest or knowingly violates any of the requirements of this section shall be guilty of malfeasance in office or position and shall be deemed to have forfeited that person's office or position.

(2) Any officer or employee of the city who shall forfeit that person's office or position as described in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be ineligible for appointment or election to or employment in a position in the city government for a period of five years thereafter.

SECTION 2.15.
Inquiries and investigations.

Following the affirmative vote of the city council authorizing such action, the city council may make inquiries and investigations into the affairs of the city and the conduct of any department, office, or agency thereof, and for this purpose may subpoena witnesses,
administer oaths, take testimony, and require the production of evidence. Any person who fails or refuses to obey a lawful order issued in the exercise of these powers by the city council shall be punished as provided by ordinance.

SECTION 2.16.
General power and authority of the city council.

(a) Except as otherwise provided by law or this charter, the city council shall be vested with all the powers of government of this city.

(b) In addition to all other powers conferred upon it by law, the council shall have the authority to adopt and provide for the execution of such ordinances, resolutions, rules, and regulations, not inconsistent with this charter and the Constitution and the laws of the State of Georgia, which it shall deem necessary, expedient, or helpful for the peace, good order, protection of life and property, health, welfare, sanitation, comfort, convenience, prosperity, or well-being of the inhabitants of the City of Sardis and may enforce such ordinances by imposing penalties for violation thereof.

SECTION 2.17.
Eminent domain.

The city council is hereby empowered to acquire, construct, operate, and maintain public ways, parks, public grounds, cemeteries, markets, market houses, public buildings, libraries, sewers, drains, sewage treatment, waterworks, electrical systems, gas systems, airports, hospitals, and charitable, educational, recreational, sport, curative, corrective, detentional, penal, and medical institutions, agencies, and facilities, and any other public improvements inside or outside the city, and to regulate the use thereof, and for such purposes, property
may be condemned under procedures established under general law applicable now or as
provided in the future.

SECTION 2.18.
Organizational meetings.

The city council shall hold an organizational meeting on the second Tuesday in January. The
meeting shall be called to order by the mayor and the oath of office shall be administered to
the newly elected members by an officer authorized to administer oaths and shall, to the
extent that it comports with federal and state law, be as follows:

"I do solemnly (swear) (affirm) that I will faithfully perform the duties of (mayor)
(councilmember) of this city and that I will support and defend the charter thereof as well
as the Constitution and laws of the State of Georgia and of the United States of America.
I am not the holder of any unaccounted for public money due this state or any political
subdivision or authority thereof. I am not the holder of any office of trust under the
government of the United States, any other state, or any foreign state which I by the laws
of the State of Georgia am prohibited from holding. I am otherwise qualified to hold said
office according to the Constitution and laws of Georgia. I have been a resident of the City
of Sardis for the time required by the Constitution and laws of this state and by the
municipal charter. I will perform the duties of my office in the best interest of the City of
Sardis to the best of my ability without fear, favor, affection, reward, or expectation
thereof."
SECTION 2.19.

Regular and special meetings.

(a) The city council shall hold regular meetings at such times and places as shall be prescribed by ordinance.

(b) Special meetings of the city council may be held on call of the mayor or any two members of the city council. Notice of such special meetings shall be served on all other members personally, or by telephone personally, at least 48 hours in advance of the meeting. Such notice to councilmembers shall not be required if the mayor and all councilmembers are present when the special meeting is called. Such notice of any special meeting may be waived by a councilmember in writing before or after such a meeting, and attendance at the meeting shall also constitute a waiver of notice on any business transacted in such councilmembers presence. Only the business stated in the call may be transacted at the special meeting, except by unanimous consent of all members of the council.

(c) All meetings of the city council shall be public to the extent required by law and notice to the public of special meetings shall be made fully as is reasonably possible as provided by Code Section 50-14-1 of the O.C.G.A., or other such applicable laws as are or may hereafter be enacted.

SECTION 2.20.

Rules of procedure; committees.

(a) The city council shall adopt its rules of procedure and order of business consistent with the provisions of this charter and shall provide for keeping a minute book of its proceedings, which shall be a public record.
(b) All committees and committee chairs of the city council shall be appointed by the mayor and shall serve at the pleasure of the mayor. The mayor shall have the power to appoint new members to any committee at any time.

SECTION 2.21.
Quorum; voting.

(a) Three councilmembers shall constitute a quorum and shall be authorized to transact business of the city council. Voting on the adoption of ordinances shall be by voice vote and the vote shall be recorded in the minutes, but any member of the city council shall have the right to request a roll call vote and such vote shall be recorded in the minutes. Except as otherwise provided in this charter, the affirmative vote of three councilmembers shall be required for the adoption of any ordinance, resolution, or motion.

(b) No member of the city council shall abstain from voting on any matter properly brought before the council for official action except when such councilmember has a conflict of interest which is disclosed in writing prior to or at the meeting and made a part of the minutes. Any member of the city council present and eligible to vote on a matter and refusing to do so for any reason other than a properly disclosed and recorded conflict of interest shall be deemed to have acquiesced or concurred with the members of the majority who did vote on the question involved.

SECTION 2.22.
Ordinance form; procedures.

(a) Every proposed ordinance should be introduced in writing and in the form required for final adoption. No ordinance shall contain a subject which is not expressed in its title. The
enacting clause shall be "It is hereby ordained by the governing authority of the City of Sardis" and every ordinance shall so begin.

(b) An ordinance may be introduced by the mayor or by any councilmember and be read at a regular or special meeting of the city council. Ordinances shall be considered and adopted or rejected by the city council in accordance with the rules which it shall establish; provided, however, that an ordinance shall not be adopted the same day it is introduced, except for emergency ordinances provided in Section 2.24 of this charter. Upon introduction of any ordinance, the city clerk shall as soon as possible distribute a copy to the mayor and to each councilmember and shall file a reasonable number of copies in the office of the clerk and at such other public places as the city council may designate.

SECTION 2.23.

Action requiring an ordinance.

Acts of the city council which have the force and effect of law shall be enacted by ordinance.

SECTION 2.24.

Emergencies.

(a) To meet a public emergency affecting life, health, property or public peace, the city council may convene on call of the mayor or any two councilmembers and promptly adopt an emergency ordinance, but such ordinance may not levy taxes; grant, renew or extend a franchise; regulate the rate charged by any public utility for its services; or authorize the borrowing of money except for loans to be repaid within 30 days. An emergency ordinance shall be introduced in the form prescribed for ordinances generally, except that it shall be plainly designated as an emergency ordinance and shall contain, after the
enacting clause, a declaration stating that an emergency exists, and describing the emergency in clear and specific terms. An emergency ordinance may be adopted, with or without amendment, or rejected at the meeting at which it is introduced, but the affirmative vote of at least four councilmembers shall be required for adoption. It shall become effective upon adoption or at such later time as it may specify. Every emergency ordinance shall automatically stand repealed 30 days following the date upon which it was adopted, but this shall not prevent reenactment of the ordinance in the manner specified in this section if the emergency still exists. An emergency ordinance may also be repealed by adoption of a repealing ordinance in the same manner specified in this section for adoption of emergency ordinances.

(b) Such meetings shall be open to the public to the extent required by law and notice to the public of emergency meetings shall be made as fully as is reasonably possible in accordance with Code Section 50-14-1 of the O.C.G.A., or such other applicable laws as are or may hereafter be enacted.

SECTION 2.25.

Codes of technical regulations.

(a) The city council may adopt any standard code of technical regulations by reference thereto in an adopting ordinance. The procedure and requirements governing such adopting ordinance shall be as prescribed for ordinances generally except that:

(1) The requirements of subsection (b) of Section 2.22 of this charter for distribution and filing of copies of the ordinance shall be construed to include copies of any code of technical regulations, as well as the adopting ordinance; and

(2) A copy of each adopted code of technical regulations, as well as the adopting ordinance, shall be authenticated and recorded by the clerk pursuant to Section 2.26 of this charter.
(b) Copies of any adopted code of technical regulations shall be made available by the clerk for inspection by the public.

SECTION 2.26.
Signing; authenticating; recording; codification; printing.

(a) The city clerk shall authenticate by the clerk's signature and record in full in a properly indexed book kept for that purpose, all ordinances adopted by the council.

(b) The city council shall provide for the preparation of a general codification of all the ordinances of the city having the force and effect of law. The general codification shall be adopted by the city council by ordinance and shall be published promptly, together with all amendments thereto and such codes of technical regulations and other rules and regulations as the city council may specify. This codification shall be known and cited officially as "Code of Ordinances, City of Sardis, Georgia." Copies of the Code of Ordinances shall be furnished to all officers, departments, and agencies of the city, and made available for purchase by the public at a reasonable price as fixed by the city council.

(c) The city council shall cause each ordinance and each amendment to this charter to be printed promptly following its adoption, and the printed ordinances and charter amendments shall be made available for purchase by the public at reasonable prices to be fixed by the city council. Following publication of the first code under this charter and at all times thereafter, the ordinances and charter amendments shall be printed in substantially the same style as the code currently in effect and shall be suitable in form for incorporation therein. The city council shall make such further arrangements as deemed desirable with reproduction and distribution of any current changes in or additions to codes of technical regulations and other rules and regulations included in the code.
SECTION 2.27.
Council interference with administration.

Except for the purpose of inquiries and investigations under Section 2.15 of this charter, the city council or its members shall deal with city officers and employees who are subject to the direction and supervision of the mayor solely through the mayor, and neither the city council nor its members shall give orders to any such officer or employee, either publicly or privately. The city council shall act in all matters as a body and no member shall seek individually to influence the official acts of the mayor or any other officer or employee of the city, or direct or request the appointment of any person to, or his removal from, any office or position of employment, or to interfere in any way with the performance of the duties by the mayor or other officers or employees.

SECTION 2.28.
Election of mayor; forfeiture.

The mayor shall be elected at large by the voters of the city and serve for a term of four years and until a successor is elected and qualified. The mayor shall be a qualified elector of this city and shall have been a resident of the city for 12 months prior to the date of election. The mayor shall continue to reside in this city during the period of service. The mayor shall forfeit the office on the same grounds and under the same procedure as for councilmembers.

SECTION 2.29.
Mayor pro tem.

The city council at the first regular meeting after the newly elected councilmembers have taken office following each election shall elect a councilmember to serve as mayor pro tem.
The mayor pro tem shall be elected by a majority vote of the city council. The mayor pro tem shall serve for a term of two years. The mayor pro tem shall assume the duties and powers of the mayor during the mayor's physical or mental disability, suspension from office or absence. Any such disability of the mayor shall be declared by a majority vote of the city council. The mayor pro tem shall sign all contracts and ordinances in which the mayor has a disqualifying financial interest as provided in Section 2.14 of this charter. When acting as mayor, the mayor pro tem shall be entitled to vote as a member of the council.

SECTION 2.30.

Powers and duties of mayor.

The mayor shall:

(1) Preside at all meetings of the city council;

(2) Appoint and, when the mayor deems it necessary for the good of the city, suspend or remove all city employees and administrative officers the mayor appoints, except as otherwise provided by law or personnel ordinances adopted pursuant to this charter. The mayor may authorize any department director or administrative officer who is subject to the mayor's direction and supervision to exercise these powers with respect to subordinates in that officer's department, office, or agency;

(3) Direct and supervise the administration of all departments, offices, and agencies of the city, except as otherwise provided by this charter or by law;

(4) See that all laws, provisions of this charter, and acts of the city council, subject to enforcement by the mayor or by officers subject to the mayor's direction and supervision, are faithfully executed;

(5) Prepare and submit the annual operating budget and capital budget to the city council;

(6) Submit to the city council and make available to the public a complete report on the finances and administrative activities of the city as of the end of each fiscal year;
(7) Keep the city council fully advised as to the financial condition and future needs of the city, and make such recommendations to the city council concerning the affairs of the city as the mayor deems desirable;

(8) Be the head of the city for the purpose of service of process and for ceremonial purposes, and be the official spokesperson for the city and the chief advocate of policy;

(9) Have the power to administer oaths and to take affidavits;

(10) Sign as a matter of course on behalf of the city all written and approved contracts, ordinances, resolutions, and other instruments executed by the city which by law are required to be in writing;

(11) Vote on matters before the city council only in the case of a tie vote between councilmembers;

(12) Approve or disapprove resolutions and ordinances as provided in Section 2.31 of this charter; and

(13) Perform such other duties as may be required by law, this charter, or by ordinance.

SECTION 2.31.

Submission of ordinances to the mayor; veto power.

(a) Every resolution or ordinance adopted by the city council shall be presented by the city clerk to the mayor within 96 hours after the adjournment of any council meeting.

(b) The mayor, within seven calendar days of receipt of a resolution or ordinance, shall return it to the city clerk with or without the mayor's approval, or with his veto. If the resolution or ordinance has been approved by the mayor, it shall become law upon its return to the city clerk; if the resolution or ordinance is neither approved nor disapproved, it shall become law at twelve o'clock noon on the twelfth calendar day after its adoption by the city council; if the resolution or ordinance is vetoed, the mayor shall submit to the city council through the city clerk a written statement explaining the reasons for the veto.
The city clerk shall record upon the resolution or ordinance the date of its delivery to and receipt from the mayor.

(c) Resolutions or ordinances vetoed by the mayor shall be presented by the city clerk to the city council at its next meeting. If the city council then or at its next meeting adopts the resolution or ordinance over the veto by an affirmative vote of four of its members, it shall become law.

(d) The mayor may disapprove or reduce any item or items of appropriation in any resolution or ordinance, except appropriations for auditing or investigating the office of mayor. The approved part or parts of any resolution or ordinance making appropriations shall become law, and the part or parts disapproved shall not become law unless subsequently passed by the city council over the mayor's veto as provided herein. The reduced part or parts shall be presented to city council as though disapproved and shall not become law unless overridden by the city council as provided in subsection (c) of this section.

(e) The mayor shall not have the power to veto any emergency ordinance.

ARTICLE III.

ADMINISTRATIVE AFFAIRS

SECTION 3.10.

Administrative and service departments.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this charter, the city council by ordinance shall prescribe the functions or duties, and establish, abolish, alter, consolidate, or leave vacant all nonelective offices, positions of employment, departments, and agencies of the city, as necessary for the proper administration of the affairs and government of this city.
(b) Except as otherwise provided by this charter or by law, the directors of departments and other appointed officers of the city shall be appointed solely on the basis of their respective administrative and professional qualifications.

(c) All appointed officers and directors of departments shall receive such compensation as prescribed by ordinance or resolution.

(d) There shall be a director of each department or agency who shall be its principal officer. Each director shall, subject to the direction and supervision of the mayor, be responsible for the administration and direction of the affairs and operations of that director's department or agency.

(e) All directors of departments shall be subject to removal or suspension at any time by the mayor in the manner provided by the city's personnel policy and procedure manual.

SECTION 3.11.
Boards, commissions, and authorities.

(a) The city council shall create by ordinance or resolution such boards, commissions, and authorities to fulfill any investigative, quasi-judicial, or quasi-legislative function the city council deems necessary, and shall by ordinance or resolution establish the composition, period of existence, duties, and powers thereof.

(b) All members of boards, commissions, and authorities of the city shall be appointed by the city council for such terms of office and in such manner as shall be provided by ordinance, except where other appointing authority, terms of office, or manner of appointment is prescribed by this charter or by law.

(c) The city council by ordinance may provide for the compensation and reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses of the members of any board, commission, or authority.
(d) Except as otherwise provided by charter or by law, no member of any board, commission, or authority of the city shall hold any elective office in the city.

(e) Any vacancy on a board, commission, or authority of the city shall be filled for the unexpired term in the manner prescribed herein for original appointment, except as otherwise provided by this charter or by law.

(f) No member of a board, commission, or authority shall assume office until that person has executed and filed with the clerk of the city an oath obligating himself or herself to faithfully and impartially perform the duties of that member's office.

(g) All members of boards, commissions, or authorities serve at-will and may be removed at any time by a majority vote of the city council unless otherwise provided by law.

(h) Except as otherwise provided by this charter or by law, each board, commission, or authority of the city shall elect one of its members as chair and one member as vice-chair, and may elect as its secretary one of its own members or may appoint as secretary an employee of the city. Each board, commission, or authority of the city government may establish such bylaws, rules, and regulations, not inconsistent with this charter, ordinances of the city, or law, as it deems appropriate and necessary for the fulfillment of its duties or the conduct of its affairs. Copies of such bylaws, rules, and regulations shall be filed with the clerk of the city.

SECTION 3.12.

City attorney.

(a) The city council shall appoint a city attorney, together with such assistant city attorneys as may be authorized, and shall provide for the payment of such attorney or attorneys for services rendered to the city. The city attorney shall be responsible for providing for the representation and defense of the city in all litigation in which the city is a party; may be the prosecuting officer in the municipal court; shall attend the meetings of the council as
directed; shall advise the city council, mayor, and other officers and employees of the city
concerning legal aspects of the city's affairs; and shall perform such other duties as may be
required by virtue of the person's position as city attorney.
(b) The city attorney is not a public official of the city and does not take an oath of office.
The city attorney shall at all times be an independent contractor. A law firm, rather than
an individual, may be designated as the city attorney.

SECTION 3.13.
City clerk.

The city council shall appoint a city clerk who shall not be the mayor or a councilmember.
The city clerk shall be custodian of the official city seal and city records; maintain city
council records required by this charter; attend meetings of the city council and keep minutes
of its proceedings at such meetings; and perform such other duties as may be required by the
city council.

SECTION 3.14.
Position classification and pay plan.

The city clerk shall be responsible for the preparation of a position classification and pay
plan which shall be submitted to the city council for approval. Such plan may apply to all
employees of the city and any of its agencies, departments, boards, commissions, or
authorities. When a pay plan has been adopted, the city council shall not increase or decrease
the salary range applicable to any position except by amendment of such pay plan. For
purposes of this section, all elected city officials are not city employees.
SECTION 3.15. Personnel policies.

The city council shall adopt by ordinance a personnel policy and procedure manual. All employees shall be governed by the city's personnel policy and procedure manual.

ARTICLE IV.
JUDICIAL BRANCH

SECTION 4.10. Creation; name.

There shall be a court to be known as the Municipal Court of the City of Sardis.

SECTION 4.11. Chief judge; associate judge.

(a) The municipal court shall be presided over by a chief judge and such part-time, full-time, or stand-by judges as shall be provided by ordinance.

(b) No person shall be qualified or eligible to serve as a judge on municipal court unless that person shall have attained the age of 25 years, shall be a member of the State Bar of Georgia, and shall possess all qualifications required by law. All judges shall be appointed by the city council and shall serve until a successor is appointed and qualified.

(c) Compensation of the judges shall be fixed by ordinance.

(d) Judges serve as provided in Code Section 36-32-2 of the O.C.G.A. and may be removed from office in accordance with Code Section 36-32-2.1 of the O.C.G.A., or other such applicable laws as are or may hereafter be enacted.
(e) Before assuming office, each judge shall take an oath, given by the mayor, that the judge will honestly and faithfully discharge the duties of the office to the best of that person's ability and without fear, favor, or partiality.

SECTION 4.12.
Convening.

The municipal court shall be convened at regular intervals as provided by ordinance.

SECTION 4.13.
Jurisdiction; powers.

(a) The municipal court shall have jurisdiction and authority to try and punish violations of this charter, all city ordinances, and such other violations as provided by law.

(b) The municipal court shall have authority to punish those in its presence for contempt, provided that such punishment shall not exceed $200.00 or ten days in jail.

(c) The municipal court may fix punishment for offenses within its jurisdiction not exceeding a fine of $1,000.00 or imprisonment for 12 months or both such fine and imprisonment or may fix punishment by fine, imprisonment, or alternative sentencing, as now or hereafter provided by law.

(d) The municipal court shall have authority to establish a schedule of fees to defray the cost of operation, and shall be entitled to reimbursement of the cost of meals, transportation, and caretaking of prisoners bound over to superior courts for violations of state law.

(e) The municipal court shall have authority to establish bail and recognizances to ensure the presence of those charged with violations before said court, and shall have discretionary authority to accept cash or personal or real property as surety for the appearance of persons.
charged with violations. Whenever any person shall give bail for that person's appearance and shall fail to appear at the time fixed for trial, the bond shall be forfeited by the judge presiding at such time, and an execution issued thereon by serving the defendant and the defendant's sureties with a rule nisi, at least two days before a hearing on the rule nisi. In the event that cash or property is accepted in lieu of bond for security for the appearance of a defendant at trial, and if such defendant fails to appear at the time and place fixed for trial, the cash so deposited shall be on order of the judge declared forfeited to the city, or the property so deposited shall have a lien against it for the value forfeited which lien shall be enforceable in the same manner and to the same extent as a lien for city property taxes. 

(f) The municipal court shall have the same authority as superior courts to compel the production of evidence in the possession of any party; to enforce obedience to its orders, judgments, and sentences; and to administer such oaths as are necessary.

(g) The municipal court may compel the presence of all parties necessary to a proper disposal of each case by the issuance of summonses, subpoenas, and warrants which may be served as executed by any officer as authorized by this charter or by law.

(h) Each judge of the municipal court shall be authorized to issue warrants for the arrest of persons charged with offenses against any ordinance of the city, and each judge of the municipal court shall have the same authority as a magistrate of the state to issue warrants for offenses against state laws committed within the city.

SECTION 4.14.

Certiorari.

The right of certiorari from the decision and judgment of the municipal court shall exist in all criminal cases and ordinance violation cases, and such certiorari shall be obtained under the sanction of a judge of the Superior Court of Burke County under the laws of the State of Georgia regulating the granting and issuance of writs of certiorari.
SECTION 4.15.  
Rules for court.

With approval of the city council, the judge shall have full power and authority to make reasonable rules and regulations necessary and proper to secure the efficient and successful administration of the municipal court; provided, however, that the city council may adopt in part or in toto the rules and regulations applicable to municipal courts. The rules and regulations made or adopted shall be filed with the city clerk, shall be available for public inspection, and, upon request, a copy shall be furnished to all defendants in municipal court proceedings at least 48 hours prior to such proceedings.

ARTICLE V.
ELECTIONS AND REMOVAL

SECTION 5.10.
Applicability of general law.

All primaries and elections shall be held and conducted in accordance with Chapter 2 of Title 21 of the O.C.G.A., the "Georgia Election Code," as now or hereafter amended.

SECTION 5.11.
Election of the city council and mayor.

(a) There shall be a municipal general election biennially in the odd years on the Tuesday next following the first Monday in November.
(b) There shall be elected the mayor and two councilmembers at one election and at every other election thereafter. The remaining city council seats shall be filled at the election
alternating with the first election so that a continuing body is created. Terms shall be for
four years.

SECTION 5.12.
Nonpartisan elections.

Political parties shall not conduct primaries for city offices and all names of candidates for
city offices shall be listed without party designations.

SECTION 5.13.
Election by plurality.

The person receiving a plurality of the votes cast for any city office shall be elected.

SECTION 5.14.
Special elections; vacancies.

In the event that the office of mayor or councilmember shall become vacant as provided in
Section 2.12 of this charter, the city council or those remaining shall order a special election
to fill the balance of the unexpired term of such official; provided, however, that if such
vacancy occurs within 14 months of the expiration of the term of that office, the city council
or those remaining shall appoint a successor for the remainder of the term. In all other
respects, the special election shall be held and conducted in accordance with Chapter 2 of
Title 21 of the O.C.G.A., the "Georgia Election Code," as now or hereafter amended.
SECTION 5.15.
Other provisions.

Except as otherwise provided by this charter, the city council shall by ordinance prescribe such rules and regulations as it deems appropriate to fulfill any options and duties under Chapter 2 of Title 21 of the O.C.G.A., the "Georgia Election Code."

SECTION 5.16.
Removal of officers.

(a) The mayor, councilmembers, or other appointed officers provided for in this charter shall be removed from office for any one or more of the causes provided in Title 45 of the O.C.G.A., or such other applicable laws as are or may hereafter be enacted.

(b) Removal of an officer pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be accomplished by one of the following methods:

(1) Following a hearing at which an impartial panel shall render a decision. In the event an elected officer is sought to be removed by the action of the city council, such officer shall be entitled to a written notice specifying the ground or grounds for removal and to a public hearing which shall be held not less than ten days after the service of such written notice. The city council shall provide by ordinance for the manner in which such hearings shall be held. Any elected officer sought to be removed from office as provided in this section shall have the right of appeal from the decision of the city council to the Superior Court of Burke County. Such appeal shall be governed by the same rules as govern appeals to the superior court from the probate court; or

(2) By an order of the Superior Court of Burke County following a hearing on a complaint seeking such removal brought by any resident of the City of Sardis.
ARTICLE VI.
FINANCE

SECTION 6.10.
Property tax.

The city council may assess, levy, and collect an ad valorem tax on all real and personal property within the corporate limits of the city that is subject to such taxation by the state and county. This tax is for the purpose of raising revenues to defray the costs of operating the city government, of providing governmental services, for the repayment of principal and interest on general obligations, and for any other public purpose as determined by the city council in its discretion.

SECTION 6.11.
Millage rate; due dates; payment methods.

The city council by ordinance shall establish a millage rate for the city property tax, a due date, and the time period within which these taxes must be paid. The city council, by ordinance, may provide for the payment of these taxes by installments or in one lump sum, as well as authorize the voluntary payment of taxes prior to the time when due.

SECTION 6.12.
Occupation and business taxes.

The city council by ordinance shall have the power to levy such occupation or business taxes as are not denied by law. The city council may classify businesses, occupations, or
professions for the purpose of such taxation in any way which may be lawful and may compel the payment of such taxes as provided in Section 6.18 of this charter.

SECTION 6.13.
Regulatory fees; permits.

The city council by ordinance shall have the power to require businesses or practitioners doing business in this city to obtain a permit for such activity from the city and pay a regulatory fee for such permit as provided by general law. Such fees shall reflect the total cost to the city of regulating the activity, and if unpaid, shall be collected as provided in Section 6.18 of this charter.

Franchises.

(a) The city council shall have the power to grant franchises for the use of this city's streets and alleys for the purposes of railroads, street railways, telephone companies, electric companies, electric membership corporations, cable television and other telecommunications companies, gas companies, transportation companies, and other similar organizations. The city council shall determine the duration, terms, whether the same shall be exclusive or nonexclusive, and the consideration for such franchises; provided, however, that no franchise shall be granted for a period in excess of 35 years and no franchise shall be granted unless the city receives just and adequate compensation therefor. The city council shall provide for the registration of all franchises with the city clerk in a registration book kept by the clerk. The city council may provide by ordinance for the registration within a reasonable time of all franchises previously granted.
(b) If no franchise agreement is in effect, the city council has the authority to impose a tax on gross receipts for the use of this city's streets and alleys for the purposes of railroads, street railways, telephone companies, electric companies, electric membership corporations, cable television and other telecommunications companies, gas companies, transportation companies, and other similar organizations.

SECTION 6.15.
Service charges.

The city council by ordinance shall have the power to assess and collect fees, charges, and tolls for sewers, sanitary and health services, or any other services provided or made available within and outside the corporate limits of the city for the total cost to the city of providing or making available such services. If unpaid, such charges shall be collected as provided in Section 6.18 of this charter.

SECTION 6.16.
Special assessments.

The city council by ordinance shall have the power to assess and collect the cost of constructing, reconstructing, widening, or improving any public way, street, sidewalk, curbing, gutters, sewers, or other utility mains and appurtenances from the abutting property owners under such terms and conditions as are reasonable. If unpaid, such charges shall be collected as provided in Section 6.18 of this charter.
SECTION 6.17.

Construction; other taxes and fees.

This city shall be empowered to levy any other tax or fee allowed now or hereafter by law, and the specific mention of any right, power, or authority in this article shall not be construed as limiting in any way the general powers of this city to govern its local affairs.

SECTION 6.18.

Collection of delinquent taxes and fees.

The city council by ordinance may provide generally for the collection of delinquent taxes, fees, or other revenue due the city under Sections 6.10 through 6.17 of this charter by whatever reasonable means as are not precluded by law. This shall include providing for the dates when the taxes or fees are due; late penalties or interest; issuance and execution of fi.fa.'s; creation and priority of liens; making delinquent taxes and fees personal debts of the persons required to pay the taxes or fees imposed; revoking city permits for failure to pay any city taxes or fees; and providing for the assignment or transfer of tax executions.

SECTION 6.19.

General obligation bonds.

The city council shall have the power to issue bonds for the purpose of raising revenue to carry out any project, program, or venture authorized under this charter or the laws of the state. Such bonding authority shall be exercised in accordance with the laws governing bond issuance by municipalities in effect at the time said issue is undertaken.
SECTION 6.20. Revenue bonds.

Revenue bonds may be issued by the city council as state law now or hereafter provides. Such bonds are to be paid out of any revenue produced by the project, program, or venture for which they were issued.


The city may obtain short-term loans and must repay such loans not later than December 31 of each year, unless otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 6.22. Lease-purchase contracts.

The city may enter into multiyear lease, purchase, or lease-purchase contracts for the acquisition of goods, materials, real and personal property, services, and supplies provided the contract terminates without further obligation on the part of the municipality at the close of the calendar year in which it was executed and at the close of each succeeding calendar year for which it may be renewed. Contracts must be executed in accordance with the requirements of Code Section 36-60-13 of the O.C.G.A., or other such applicable laws as are or may hereafter be enacted.
SECTION 6.23.

Fiscal year.

The city council shall set the fiscal year by ordinance. This fiscal year shall constitute the budget year and the year for financial accounting and reporting of each and every office, department, agency, and activity of the city government unless otherwise provided by state or federal law.

SECTION 6.24.

Preparation of budgets.

The city council shall provide an ordinance on the procedures and requirements for the preparation and execution of an annual operating budget, a capital improvement plan, and a capital budget, including requirements as to the scope, content, and form of such budgets and plans.

SECTION 6.25.

Operating budget.

On or before a date fixed by the city council but not later than 30 days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the mayor shall submit to the city council a proposed operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The budget shall be accompanied by a message from the mayor containing a statement of the general fiscal policies of the city, the important features of the budget, explanations of major changes recommended for the next fiscal year, a general summary of the budget, and such other pertinent comments and information. The operating budget and the capital budget hereinafter provided for, the budget message, and all supporting documents shall be filed in the office of the city clerk and shall be open to public inspection.
SECTION 6.26.

Action by city council on budget.

(a) The city council may amend the operating budget proposed by the mayor, except that the budget as finally amended and adopted must provide for all expenditures required by state law or by other provisions of this charter and for all debt service requirements for the ensuing fiscal year, and the total appropriations from any fund shall not exceed the estimated fund balance, reserves, and revenues.

(b) The city council by ordinance shall adopt the final operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year not later than the 31st day of December of each year. If the city council fails to adopt the budget by this date, the amounts appropriated for operation for the current fiscal year shall be deemed adopted for the ensuing fiscal year on a month-to-month basis, with all items prorated accordingly until such time as the city council adopts a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. Adoption of the budget shall take the form of an appropriations ordinance setting out the estimated revenues in detail by sources and making appropriations according to fund and by organizational unit, purpose, or activity as set out in the budget preparation ordinance adopted pursuant to Section 6.24 of this charter.

(c) The amount set out in the adopted operating budget for each organizational unit shall constitute the annual appropriation for such, and no expenditure shall be made or encumbrance created in excess of the otherwise unencumbered balance of the appropriations or allotment thereof, to which it is chargeable.

SECTION 6.27.

Tax levies.

The city council shall levy by ordinance such taxes as are necessary. The taxes and tax rates set by such ordinance shall be such that reasonable estimates of revenues from such levy
shall at least be sufficient, together with other anticipated revenues, fund balances, and applicable reserves, to equal the total amount appropriated for each of the several funds set forth in the annual operating budget for defraying the expenses of the general government of this city.

SECTION 6.28. Changes in appropriations.

The city council by ordinance may make changes in the appropriations contained in the current operating budget, at any regular meeting, special, or emergency meeting called for such purpose, but any additional appropriations may be made only from an existing unexpended surplus.

SECTION 6.29. Capital budget.

(a) On or before the date fixed by the city council but no later than 30 days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the mayor shall submit to the city council a proposed capital improvements plan with a recommended capital budget containing the means of financing the improvements proposed for the ensuing fiscal year. The city council shall have power to accept, with or without amendments, or reject the proposed plan and proposed budget. The city council shall not authorize an expenditure for the construction of any building, structure, work, or improvement, unless the appropriations for such project are included in the capital budget, except to meet a public emergency as provided in Section 2.24 of this charter.

(b) The city council shall adopt by ordinance the final capital budget for the ensuing fiscal year not later than the 31st day of December of each year. No appropriation provided for
in a prior capital budget shall lapse until the purpose for which the appropriation was made
shall have been accomplished or abandoned; provided, however, that the mayor may
submit amendments to the capital budget at any time during the fiscal year, accompanied
by recommendations. Any such amendments to the capital budget shall become effective
only upon adoption by ordinance.

SECTION 6.30.
Independent audit.

There shall be an annual independent audit of all city accounts, funds, and financial
transactions by a certified public accountant selected by the city council. The audit shall be
conducted according to generally accepted auditing principles. Any audit of funds by the
state or federal governments may be accepted as satisfying the requirements of this charter.
Copies of annual audit reports shall be available at printing costs to the public.

SECTION 6.31.
Contracting procedures.

No contract with the city shall be binding on the city unless it is in writing and it is made or
authorized by the city council and such approval is entered in the city council minute book
pursuant to Section 2.21 of this charter.

SECTION 6.32.
Centralized purchasing.

The city council shall by ordinance prescribe procedures for a system of centralized
purchasing for the city.
SECTION 6.33.

Sale and lease of city property.

(a) The city council may sell and convey, or lease any real or personal property owned or held by the city for governmental or other purposes as now or hereafter provided by law.

(b) The city council may quitclaim any rights it may have in property not needed for public purposes upon report by the mayor and adoption of a resolution, both finding that the property is not needed for public or other purposes and that the interest of the city has no readily ascertainable monetary value.

(c) Whenever in opening, extending, or widening any street, avenue, alley, or public place of the city, a small parcel or tract of land is cut-off or separated by such work from a larger tract or boundary of land owned by the city, the city council may authorize the mayor to sell and convey said cut-off or separated parcel or tract of land to an abutting or adjoining property owner or owners where such sale and conveyance facilitates the enjoyment of the highest and best use of the abutting owner's property. Included in the sales contract shall be a provision for the rights-of-way of said street, avenue, alley, or public place. Each abutting property owner shall be notified of the availability of the property and given the opportunity to purchase said property under such terms and conditions as provided by the city council. All deeds and conveyances heretofore and hereafter so executed and delivered shall convey all title and interest the city has in such property, notwithstanding the fact that no public sale after advertisement was or is hereafter made.
ARTICLE VII.
GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 7.10.
Bonds for officials.

The officers and employees of this city, both elected and appointed, shall execute such surety
or fidelity bonds in such amounts and upon such terms and conditions as the city council
shall from time to time require by ordinance or as may be provided by law.

SECTION 7.11.
Existing ordinances, resolutions, rules, and regulations.

All ordinances, resolutions, rules, and regulations now in force in the city not inconsistent
with this charter are hereby declared valid and of full effect and force until amended or
repealed by the city council.

SECTION 7.12.
Pending matters.

Except as specifically provided otherwise by this charter, all rights, claims, actions, orders,
contracts, and legal or administrative proceedings shall continue and any such ongoing work
or cases shall be completed by such city agencies, personnel, or offices as may be provided
by the city council.
SECTION 7.13. Construction.

(a) Section captions in this charter are informative only and are not to be considered as a part thereof.

(b) The word "shall" is mandatory and the word "may" is permissive.

(c) The singular shall include the plural, the masculine shall include the feminine, and vice versa.


If any article, section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, or part thereof of this charter shall be held to be invalid or unconstitutional, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect or impair other parts of this charter unless it clearly appears that such other parts are wholly and necessarily dependent upon the part held to be invalid or unconstitutional, it being the legislative intent in enacting this charter that each article, section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, or part thereof be enacted separately and independent of each other.

SECTION 7.15. Specific repealer.

An Act incorporating the City of Sardis in the County of Burke, approved April 15, 1969 (Ga. L. 1969, p. 2727), is hereby repealed in its entirety and all amendatory acts thereto are likewise repealed in their entirety.
SECTION 7.16.

General repealer.

All other laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed.