House Bill 946 (AS PASSED HOUSE AND SENATE)

By: Representatives Knight of the 130th, Hatchett of the 150th, England of the 116th, Stephens of the 164th, Jasperse of the 11th, and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Chapter 64 of Title 33 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to regulation and licensure of pharmacy benefits managers, so as to provide extensive revisions 2 3 regarding pharmacy benefits managers; to revise definitions; to revise provisions relating to 4 license requirements and filing fees; to revise a provision regarding the prohibition on the 5 practice of medicine by a pharmacy benefits manager; to provide additional authority for the Insurance Commissioner to regulate pharmacy benefits managers; to revise provisions 6 7 relating to rebates from pharmaceutical manufacturers; to revise provisions relating to 8 administration of claims; to revise provisions relating to prohibited activities; to provide for 9 surcharges on certain practices; to provide for statutory construction; to provide for related 10 matters; to provide for effective dates and applicability; to repeal conflicting laws; and for 11 other purposes. 12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

13 **SECTION 1.** 14 Chapter 64 of Title 33 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to regulation and 15 licensure of pharmacy benefits managers, is amended by revising Code Section 33-64-1, relating to definitions, as follows: 16 "33-64-1. 17 18 As used in this chapter, the term: 19 (1) 'Affiliate pharmacy' means a pharmacy which, either directly or indirectly through 20 one or more intermediaries: 21 (A) Has an investment or ownership interest in a pharmacy benefits manager licensed

- 22 <u>under this chapter;</u>
- (B) Shares common ownership with a pharmacy benefits manager licensed under this
 chapter; or
- 25 (C) Has an investor or ownership interest holder which is a pharmacy benefits manager
- 26 <u>licensed under this chapter.</u>

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27 (1)(2) 'Business entity' means a corporation, association, partnership, sole proprietorship, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or other legal entity. 28 29 (2) 'Covered entity' means an employer, labor union, or other group of persons organized 30 in this state that provides health coverage to covered individuals who are employed or 31 reside in this state. 32 (3) 'Covered individual' means a member, participant, enrollee, contract holder, policy 33 holder, or beneficiary of a covered entity who is provided health coverage by a covered 34 entity. 35 (3.1)(3) 'Dispenser' shall have the same meaning as in paragraph (10) of Code Section 36 16-13-21. (4) 'Health plan' means an individual or group plan or program which is established by 37 38 contract, certificate, law, plan, policy, subscriber agreement, or any other method and which is entered into, issued, or offered for the purpose of arranging for, delivering, 39 paying for, providing, or reimbursing any of the costs of health care or medical care, 40 including pharmacy services, drugs, or devices. Such term includes any health care 41 coverage provided under the state health benefit plan pursuant to Article 1 of Chapter 18 42 of Title 45; the medical assistance program pursuant to Article 7 of Chapter 4 of Title 49; 43 44 the PeachCare for Kids Program pursuant to Article 13 of Chapter 5 of Title 49; and any 45 other health benefit plan or policy administered by or on behalf of this state. (4)(5) 'Health system' means a hospital or any other facility or entity owned, operated, 46 47 or leased by a hospital and a long-term care home. 48 (6) 'Insured' means a person who receives prescription drug benefits administered by a 49 pharmacy benefits manager. 50 (5)(7) 'Maximum allowable cost' means the per unit amount that a pharmacy benefits 51 manager reimburses a pharmacist for a prescription drug, excluding dispensing fees and 52 copayments, coinsurance, or other cost-sharing charges, if any. (8) 'National average drug acquisition cost' means the monthly survey of retail 53 pharmacies conducted by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to 54 55 determine average acquisition cost for Medicaid covered outpatient drugs. (6)(9) 'Pharmacy' means a pharmacy or pharmacist licensed pursuant to Chapter 4 of 56 Title 26 or another dispensing provider. 57 58 (7)(10) 'Pharmacy benefits management' means the <u>administration of a plan or program</u> that pays for, reimburses, and covers the cost of drugs, devices, or pharmacy care to 59 insureds on behalf of a health plan. The term shall not include the practice of pharmacy 60 as defined in Code Section 26-4-4. service provided to a health plan or covered entity, 61 62 directly or through another entity, including the procurement of prescription drugs to be

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- 63 dispensed to patients, or the administration or management of prescription drug benefits, including, but not limited to, any of the following: 64 (A) Mail order pharmacy; 65 66 (B) Claims processing, retail network management, or payment of claims to 67 pharmacies for dispensing prescription drugs; (C) Clinical or other formulary or preferred drug list development or management; 68 69 (D) Negotiation or administration of rebates, discounts, payment differentials, or other 70 incentives for the inclusion of particular prescription drugs in a particular category or
- 71 to promote the purchase of particular prescription drugs;
- 72 (E) Patient compliance, therapeutic intervention, or generic substitution programs; and
 73 (F) Disease management.
- 74 (8)(11) 'Pharmacy benefits manager' means a person, business entity, or other entity that performs pharmacy benefits management. The term includes a person or entity acting for 75 76 a pharmacy benefits manager in a contractual or employment relationship in the 77 performance of pharmacy benefits management for a covered entity health plan. The 78 term does not include services provided by pharmacies operating under a hospital 79 pharmacy license. The term also does not include health systems while providing 80 pharmacy services for their patients, employees, or beneficiaries, for indigent care, or for 81 the provision of drugs for outpatient procedures. The term also does not include services 82 provided by pharmacies affiliated with a facility licensed under Code Section 31-44-4 or 83 a licensed group model health maintenance organization with an exclusive medical group 84 contract and which operates its own pharmacies which are licensed under Code Section 85 26-4-110.
- 86 (12) 'Point-of-sale fee' means all or a portion of a drug reimbursement to a pharmacy or
 87 other dispenser withheld at the time of adjudication of a claim for any reason.
- 88 (13) 'Rebate' means any and all payments that accrue to a pharmacy benefits manager or
- 89 its health plan client, directly or indirectly, from a pharmaceutical manufacturer,
- 90 including but not limited to discounts, administration fees, credits, incentives, or penalties
- 91 <u>associated directly or indirectly in any way with claims administered on behalf of a health</u>
- 92 <u>plan client.</u>
- 93 (14) 'Retroactive fee' means all or a portion of a drug reimbursement to a pharmacy or
 94 other dispenser recouped or reduced following adjudication of a claim for any reason,
- 95 <u>except as otherwise permissible as described in Code Section 26-4-118.</u>
- 96 (15) 'Steering' means:
- 97 (A) Ordering an insured to use its affiliate pharmacy for the filling of a prescription or 98 the provision of pharmacy care:
- 98 <u>the provision of pharmacy care;</u>

99	(B) Ordering an insured to use an affiliate pharmacy of another pharmacy benefits
100	manager licensed under this chapter pursuant to an arrangement or agreement for the
101	filling of a prescription or the provision of pharmacy care;
102	(C) Offering or implementing plan designs that require an insured to utilize its affiliate
103	pharmacy or an affiliate pharmacy of another pharmacy benefits manager licensed
104	under this chapter or that increases plan or insured costs, including requiring an insured
105	to pay the full cost for a prescription when an insured chooses not to use any affiliate
106	<u>pharmacy; or</u>
107	(D) Advertising, marketing, or promoting its affiliate pharmacy or an affiliate
108	pharmacy of another pharmacy benefits manager licensed under this chapter to
109	insureds. Subject to the foregoing, a pharmacy benefits manager may include its
110	affiliated pharmacy or an affiliate pharmacy of another pharmacy benefits manager
111	licensed under this chapter in communications to patients, including patient and
112	prospective patient specific communications, regarding network pharmacies and prices,
113	provided that the pharmacy benefits manager includes information regarding eligible
114	nonaffiliated pharmacies in such communications and that the information provided is

114 <u>nonaffiliated pharmacies in such communications and that the information provided is</u>
 115 <u>accurate.</u>"

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SECTION 2.

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 33-64-2, relating to licenserequirements and filing fees, as follows:

119 "33-64-2.

(a) No person, business entity, or other entity shall act as or hold itself out to be a 120 pharmacy benefits manager in this state, other than an applicant licensed in this state for 121 122 the kinds of business for which it is acting as a pharmacy benefits manager, unless such 123 person, business entity, or other entity holds a license as a pharmacy benefits manager 124 issued by the Commissioner pursuant to this chapter. The license shall be renewable on an annual basis. Failure to hold such license shall subject such person, business entity, or 125 126 other entity to the fines and other appropriate penalties as provided in Chapter 2 of this 127 title.

(b) An application for a pharmacy benefits manager's license or an application for renewal
of such license shall be accompanied by a filing fee of \$500.00 §2,000.00 for an initial

- 130 license and \$400.00 <u>\$1,000.00</u> for renewal.
- 131 (c) A license shall be issued or renewed and shall not be suspended or revoked by the
- 132 Commissioner unless the Commissioner finds that the applicant for or holder of the license:
- (1) Has intentionally misrepresented or concealed any material fact in the application forthe license;

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(2) Has obtained or attempted to obtain the license by misrepresentation, concealment,or other fraud;

137 (3) Has committed fraud; or

(4) Has failed to obtain for initial licensure or retain for annual licensure renewal a net
worth of at least \$200,000.00; or

140 (5) Has violated any provision of this chapter while on probation, if for license renewal.

(d) If the Commissioner moves to suspend, revoke, or nonrenew a license for a pharmacy
benefits manager, the Commissioner shall provide notice of that action to the pharmacy
benefits manager, and the pharmacy benefits manager may invoke the right to an
administrative hearing in accordance with Chapter 2 of this title.

(e) No licensee whose license has been revoked as prescribed under this Code section shall
be entitled to file another application for a license within five years from the effective date
of the revocation or, if judicial review of such revocation is sought, within five years from
the date of final court order or decree affirming the revocation. The application when filed
may be refused by the Commissioner unless the applicant shows good cause why the
revocation of its license shall not be deemed a bar to the issuance of a new license.

(f) Appeal from any order or decision of the Commissioner made pursuant to this chaptershall be taken as provided in Chapter 2 of this title.

(g)(1) The Commissioner shall have the authority to issue a probationary license to anyapplicant under this title.

(2) A probationary license may be issued for a period of not less than three months and
not longer than 12 months and shall be subject to immediate revocation for cause at any
time without a hearing.

(3) The Commissioner shall prescribe the terms of probation, may extend the
probationary period, or refuse to grant a license at the end of any probationary period in
accordance with rules and regulations.

(h) A pharmacy benefits manager's license may not be sold or transferred to a nonaffiliated
or otherwise unrelated party. A pharmacy benefits manager may not contract or
subcontract any of its negotiated formulary services to any unlicensed nonaffiliated
business entity unless a special authorization is approved by the Commissioner prior to
entering into a contracted or subcontracted arrangement.

(i) In addition to all other penalties provided for under this title, the Commissioner shall
have the authority to assess a monetary penalty against any person, business entity, or other
entity acting as a pharmacy benefits manager without a license of up to \$1,000.00
\$2,000.00 for each transaction in violation of this chapter, unless such person, business
entity, or other entity knew or reasonably should have known it was in violation of this

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chapter, in which case the monetary penalty provided for in this subsection may be
increased to an amount of up to \$5,000.00 \$10,000.00 for each and every act in violation.
(j) A licensed pharmacy benefits manager shall not market or administer any insurance
product not approved in Georgia or that is issued by a nonadmitted insurer or unauthorized
multiple employer self-insured health plan.

(k) In addition to all other penalties provided for under this title, the Commissioner shall 176 have the authority to place any pharmacy benefits manager on probation for a period of 177 time not to exceed one year for each and every act in violation of this chapter and may shall 178 179 subject such pharmacy benefits manager to a monetary penalty of up to \$1,000.00 180 <u>\$2,000.00</u> for each and every act in violation of this chapter, unless the pharmacy benefits 181 manager knew or reasonably should have known he or she was in violation of this chapter, 182 in which case the monetary penalty provided for in this subsection may shall be increased 183 to an amount of up to \$5,000.00 \$10,000.00 for each and every act in violation. In the event a pharmacy benefits manager violates any provision of this chapter while on 184 185 probation, the Commissioner shall have the authority to suspend the pharmacy benefits manager's license. For purposes of this subsection, a violation shall be considered to have 186 occurred each time an act in violation of this chapter is committed. 187 188 (1) A pharmacy benefits manager operating as a line of business or affiliate of a health 189 insurer, health care center, or fraternal benefit society licensed in this state or of any

affiliate of such health insurer, health care center, or fraternal benefit society shall not be
 required to obtain a license pursuant to this chapter. Such health insurer, health care center,

192 or fraternal benefit society shall notify the Commissioner annually, in writing, on a form

193 provided by the Commissioner, that it is affiliated with or operating as a line of business

194 as a pharmacy benefits manager."

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SECTION 3.

196 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 33-64-4, relating to a prohibition

197 on the practice of medicine by a pharmacy benefits manager, as follows:

198 "33-64-4.

199 (a) No pharmacy benefits manager shall engage in the practice of medicine, except as

200 <u>otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this Code section</u>.

201 (b) Any physician employed by or contracted with a pharmacy benefits manager advising

202 <u>on or making determinations specific to a Georgia insured in connection with a prior</u>

203 <u>authorization or step therapy appeal or determination review shall:</u>

204 (1) Have actively seen patients within the past five years; and

205 (2) Have practiced in the same specialty area for which he or she is providing advisement

206 <u>within the past five years.</u>

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207	(c) For contracts and amendments entered into with a pharmacy benefits manager on and
208	after the effective date of this Act, the department is encouraged to require the use of a
209	licensed Georgia physician for prior authorization or step therapy appeal or determination
210	reviews."
211	SECTION 4.
212	Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 33-64-7, relating to a prohibition
213	on the extension of rules and regulations and the enforcement of specific provisions of the
214	chapter and rules and regulations, as follows:
215	"33-64-7.
216	(a) The Commissioner may not enlarge upon or extend the specific provisions of this
217	chapter through any act, rule, or regulation; provided, however, that the Commissioner is
218	authorized to shall enforce any specific provision the provisions of this chapter and may
219	promulgate rules and regulations to effectuate the specific implement the provisions of this
220	chapter to ensure the safe and proper operations of pharmacy benefits managers in this
221	<u>state</u> .
222	(b) In addition to all other authority granted by this title, the Commissioner may:
223	(1) Conduct financial examinations and compliance audits of pharmacy benefits
224	managers to ensure compliance with the provisions of this chapter and rules and
225	regulations implemented pursuant to this chapter; provided, however, that such authority
226	shall not extend to financial examination and compliance audits of pharmacy benefits
227	managers' conduct in performing services on behalf of the state health benefit plan
228	pursuant to Article 1 of Chapter 18 of Title 45 or the medical assistance program pursuant
229	to Article 7 of Chapter 4 of Title 49. The pharmacy benefits manager subject to a
230	financial examination or compliance audit shall pay all the actual expenses incurred in
231	conducting the examination or audit. When the examination or audit is made by an
232	examiner or auditor who is not a regular employee of the department, the pharmacy
233	benefits manager examined or audited shall pay the proper expenses for the services of
234	the examiner or auditor and his or her assistants and the actual travel and lodging
235	expenses incurred by such examiners, auditors, and assistants in an amount approved by
236	the Commissioner. The examiner or auditor shall file a consolidated accounting of
237	expenses for the examination or audit with the Commissioner. No pharmacy benefits
238	manager shall pay, and no examiner or auditor shall accept, any additional emolument
239	on account of any examination or audit. When the examination or audit is conducted in
240	whole or in part by regular salaried employees of the department, payment for such
241	services and proper expenses shall be made by the pharmacy benefits manager examined
242	or audited to the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall be authorized to keep a portion

243	of examination or audit fees paid by the pharmacy benefits manager examined or audited
244	to pay for any costs incurred as a result of the examination or audit, and any fees
245	remaining shall be deposited in the state treasury; provided, however, that when a
246	pharmacy benefits manager is examined or audited because of a complaint filed against
247	such pharmacy benefits manager and it is determined by the Commissioner that the
248	complaint was not justified, the expenses incurred as a result of the examination or audit
249	shall not be assessed against the pharmacy benefits manager but shall be borne by the
250	<u>department;</u>
251	(2) Investigate complaints of alleged violations of this chapter;
252	(3) Issue cease and desist orders when a pharmacy benefits manager is taking or
253	threatening to take action in violation of this chapter or rules and regulations
254	implemented pursuant to this chapter; and
255	(4) Order reimbursement to an insured, pharmacy, or dispenser who has incurred a
256	monetary loss as a result of a violation of this chapter or rules and regulations
257	implemented pursuant to this chapter as well as order payment of a fine not to exceed
258	\$1,000.00 per violation to an insured, pharmacy, or dispenser who has been aggrieved as
259	a result of a violation of this chapter or rules and regulations implemented pursuant to this
260	chapter. Such fine shall be in addition to and shall not preclude any other fines imposed
261	pursuant to this title. For purposes of this paragraph, a violation shall be considered to
262	have occurred each time a prohibited act is committed.
263	(c) A pharmacy benefits manager shall make its records available to the Commissioner,
264	deidentified of any protected health information, upon written demand and provide
265	cooperation in connection with financial examinations, compliance audits, and
266	investigations.
267	(d) In the event a violation of this chapter or rules and regulations implemented pursuant
268	to this chapter is found following a complaint, the Commissioner may, at his or her
269	discretion, conduct a compliance audit to identify whether any other similar violations have
270	occurred within the state."
271	SECTION 5.
272	Said chapter is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
273	<u>"33-64-9.1.</u>
274	(a)(1) Any methodologies utilized by a pharmacy benefits manager in connection with
275	reimbursement pursuant to Code Section 33-64-9 shall be filed with the Commissioner
276	for use in determining maximum allowable cost appeals; provided, however, that
277	methodologies not otherwise subject to disclosure under Article 4 of Chapter 18 of
278	Title 50 shall be treated as confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure.

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279	(2) A pharmacy benefits manager shall utilize the national average drug acquisition cost
280	as a point of reference for the ingredient drug product component of a pharmacy's
281	reimbursement for drugs appearing on the national average drug acquisition cost list and
282	shall produce a report every four months, which shall be provided to the Commissioner
283	and published by the pharmacy benefits manager on a website available to the public for
284	no less than 24 months, of all drugs appearing on the national average drug acquisition
285	cost list reimbursed 10 percent and below the national average drug acquisition cost, as
286	well as all drugs reimbursed 10 percent and above the national average drug acquisition
287	cost. For each drug in the report, a pharmacy benefits manager shall include the month
288	the drug was dispensed, the quantity of the drug dispensed, the amount the pharmacy was
289	reimbursed per unit or dosage, whether the dispensing pharmacy was an affiliate, whether
290	the drug was dispensed pursuant to a state or local government health plan, and the
291	average national average drug acquisition cost for the month the drug was dispensed.
292	Such report shall exclude drugs dispensed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 256b.
293	(3) This subsection shall not apply to Medicaid under Chapter 4 of Title 49 when the
294	department reimburses providers directly for each covered service; provided, however,
295	that it shall apply to Medicaid managed care programs administered through care
296	management organizations.
297	(4) This subsection shall take effect on January 1, 2021; provided, however, that prior
298	to July 1, 2021, upon written request, a pharmacy benefits manager shall be granted an
299	extension by the Commissioner of up to six months for its initial filing required pursuant
300	to paragraph (1) of this subsection if the pharmacy benefits manager certifies it is in need
301	of such extension.
302	(b) On and after July 1, 2021, a pharmacy benefits manager shall not:
303	(1) Discriminate in reimbursement, assess any fees or adjustments, or exclude a
304	pharmacy from the pharmacy benefit manager's network on the basis that the pharmacy
305	dispenses drugs subject to an agreement under 42 U.S.C. Section 256b; or
306	(2) Engage in any practice that:
307	(A) In any way bases pharmacy reimbursement for a drug on patient outcomes, scores,
308	or metrics; provided, however, that nothing shall prohibit pharmacy reimbursement for
309	pharmacy care, including dispensing fees from being based on patient outcomes, scores,
310	or metrics so long as the patient outcomes, scores, or metrics are disclosed to and
311	agreed to by the pharmacy in advance;
312	(B) Includes imposing a point-of-sale fee or retroactive fee; or
313	(C) Derives any revenue from a pharmacy or insured in connection with performing
314	pharmacy benefits management services; provided, however, that this shall not be

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- 315 construed to prohibit pharmacy benefits managers from receiving deductibles or
 316 copayments.
- 317 (c) This Code section shall also apply to pharmacy benefits managers' reimbursements to
 318 dispensers."

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SECTION 6.

320 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 33-64-10, relating to 321 administration of claims by pharmacy benefits manager, as follows:

322 "33-64-10.

(a) A pharmacy benefits manager shall administer claims in compliance with Code Section
33-30-4.3 and shall not require insureds to use a mail-order pharmaceutical distributor
including a mail-order pharmacy.

326 (b) A pharmacy benefits manager shall offer a health plan the ability to receive 100 percent of all rebates it receives from pharmaceutical manufacturers. In addition, a 327 328 pharmacy benefits manager shall report annually to each client, including but not limited 329 to, insurers and payors, health plan and the department the aggregate amount of all rebates 330 and other payments that the pharmacy benefits manager received from pharmaceutical 331 manufacturers in connection with claims if administered on behalf of the client and the 332 aggregate amount of such rebates the pharmacy benefits manager received from 333 pharmaceutical manufacturers that it did not pass through to the client health plan.

334 (c) A pharmacy benefits manager shall offer a health plan the option of charging such

335 <u>health plan the same price for a prescription drug as it pays a pharmacy for the prescription</u>
 336 <u>drug; provided, however, that a pharmacy benefits manager shall charge a health benefit</u>

337 plan administered by or on behalf of the state or a political subdivision of the state,
 338 including any county or municipality, the same price for a prescription drug as it pays a

339 pharmacy for the prescription drug.

340 (d) A pharmacy benefits manager shall report in the aggregate to a health plan the

341 difference between the amount the pharmacy benefits manager reimbursed a pharmacy and

342 the amount the pharmacy benefits manager charged a health plan. Such information shall

343 <u>be confidential and shall not be subject to Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50, relating to</u>

344 <u>open records; provided, however, that such information as it relates to health plans</u>

345 <u>administered by or through the Department of Community Health, including Medicaid care</u>

346 <u>management organizations, or any other state agency shall not be confidential and shall be</u>

- 347 <u>subject to disclosure under Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50.</u>
- 348 (e) When calculating an insured's contribution to any out-of-pocket maximum, deductible,
- 349 or copayment responsibility, a pharmacy benefits manager shall include any amount paid
- 350 by the insured or paid on his or her behalf through a third-party payment, financial

351	assistance, discount, or product voucher for a prescription drug that does not have a generic
352	equivalent or that has a generic equivalent but was obtained through prior authorization,
353	a step therapy protocol, or the insurer's exceptions and appeals process. Nothing in this
354	subsection shall be construed to require that a pharmacy benefits manager accept a
355	third-party payment, financial assistance, discount, or product voucher submitted on behalf
356	of an insured.
357	(c)(f) This Code section shall not apply to:
358	(1) A care management organization, as defined in Chapter 21A of this title;
359	(2) The Department of Community Health, as defined in Chapter 2 of Title 31;
360	(3) The State Health Benefit Plan under Article 1 of Chapter 18 of Title 45; or
361	(4) Any any licensed group model health maintenance organization with an exclusive
362	medical group contract and which operates its own pharmacies which are licensed under
363	Code Section 26-4-110.1 <u>26-4-110</u> .
364	(g) As used in this Code section, the term 'generic equivalent':
365	(1) Means a drug that has an identical amount of the same active chemical ingredients
366	in the same dosage form, that meets applicable standards of strength, quality, and purity
367	according to the United States Pharmacopeia or other nationally recognized compendium,
368	and that, if administered in the same amounts, will provide comparable therapeutic
369	effects; and
370	(2) Does not include a drug that is listed by the federal Food and Drug Administration
371	as having unresolved bioequivalence concerns according to the administration's most
372	recent publication of approved drug products with therapeutic equivalence evaluations."
373	SECTION 7.
374	Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 33-64-11, relating to prohibited
375	activities of pharmacy benefits manager, as follows:
376	"33-64-11.
377	(a) A pharmacy benefits manager shall be proscribed from:
378	(1) Prohibiting a pharmacist, pharmacy, or other dispenser or dispenser practice from
379	providing an insured individual information on the amount of the insured's cost share for
380	such insured's prescription drug and the clinical efficacy of a more affordable alternative
381	drug if one is available. No pharmacist, pharmacy, or other dispenser or dispenser
382	practice shall be penalized by a pharmacy benefits manager for disclosing such
383	information to an insured or for selling to an insured a more affordable alternative if one
384	is available;

(2) Prohibiting a pharmacist, pharmacy, or other dispenser or dispenser practice from
offering and providing store direct delivery services to an insured as an ancillary service
of the pharmacy or dispenser practice;

(3) Charging or collecting from an insured a copayment that exceeds the total submitted
charges by the network pharmacy or other dispenser practice for which the pharmacy or
dispenser practice is paid;

(4) Charging or holding a pharmacist or pharmacy or dispenser or dispenser practice
responsible for a fee or penalty relating to the adjudication of a claim or an audit
conducted pursuant to Code Section 26-4-118, provided that this shall not restrict
recoupments made in accordance with Code Section 26-4-118 or pay for performance
recoupments otherwise permitted by law;

(5) Recouping funds from a pharmacy in connection with claims for which the pharmacy
has already been paid without first complying with the requirements set forth in Code
Section 26-4-118, unless such recoupment is otherwise permitted or required by law;

(6) Penalizing or retaliating against a pharmacist or pharmacy for exercising rights under
this chapter or Code Section 26-4-118;

401 (7) <u>Steering</u>. Ordering an insured for the filling of a prescription or the provision of 402 pharmacy care services to an affiliated pharmacy; offering or implementing plan designs 403 that require patients to utilize an affiliated pharmacy; or advertising, marketing, or 404 promoting a pharmacy by an affiliate to patients or prospective patients. Subject to the 405 foregoing, a pharmacy benefits manager may include an affiliated pharmacy in 406 communications to patients, including patient and prospective patient specific 407 communications, regarding network pharmacies and prices, provided that the pharmacy benefits manager includes information regarding eligible nonaffiliated pharmacies in such 408 409 communications and the information provided is accurate. This paragraph shall not be 410 construed to prohibit a pharmacy benefits manager from entering into an agreement with 411 an affiliated pharmacy or an affiliated pharmacy of another pharmacy benefits manager licensed pursuant to this chapter to provide pharmacy care to patients. The restrictions 412 413 in this paragraph shall not apply to limited distribution prescription drugs requiring 414 special handling and not commonly carried at retail pharmacies or oncology clinics or 415 practices;

(8) Transferring or sharing records relative to prescription information containing patient-identifiable and prescriber-identifiable data to an affiliated pharmacy for any commercial purpose; provided, however, that nothing shall be construed to prohibit the exchange of prescription information between a pharmacy benefits manager and an affiliated pharmacy for the limited purposes of pharmacy reimbursement, formulary compliance, pharmacy care, or utilization review;

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422	(9) Knowingly making a misrepresentation to an insured, pharmacist, pharmacy,
423	dispenser, or dispenser practice; and
424	(10) Taking any action in violation of subparagraphs (a)(21)(D) and (a)(21)(E) of Code
425	Section 26-4-28 or charging a pharmacy a fee in connection with network enrollment;
426	(11) Withholding coverage or requiring prior authorization for a lower cost
427	therapeutically equivalent drug available to an insured or failing to reduce an insured's
428	cost share when an insured selects a lower cost therapeutically equivalent drug; and
429	(12) Removing a drug from a formulary or denying coverage of a drug for the purpose
430	of incentivizing an insured to seek coverage from a different health plan.
431	(b) To the extent that any provision of this Code section is inconsistent or conflicts with
432	applicable federal law, rule, or regulation, such applicable federal law, rule, or regulation
433	shall apply.
434	(c) This Code section shall not apply to:
435	(1) A care management organization, as defined in Chapter 21A of this title;
436	(2) The Department of Community Health, as defined in Chapter 2 of Title 31;
437	(3) The State Health Benefit Plan under Article 1 of Chapter 18 of Title 45; or
438	(4) Any any licensed group model health maintenance organization with an exclusive
439	medical group contract and which operates its own pharmacies which are licensed under
440	Code Section 26-4-110.1 <u>26-4-110</u> ."
441	SECTION 8.
442	Said chapter is further amended by adding new Code sections to read as follows:
443	″ <u>33-64-12.</u>
444	(a) The General Assembly finds that:
445	(1) The practice of steering by a pharmacy benefits manager represents a conflict of
446	interest;
447	(2) The practice of imposing point-of-sale fees or retroactive fees obscures the true cost
448	of prescription drugs in this state;
449	(3) These practices have resulted in harm, including increasing drug prices, overcharging
450	insureds and payors, restricting insureds' choice of pharmacies and other dispensers,
451	underpaying community pharmacies and other dispensers, and fragmenting and creating
452	barriers to care, particularly in rural Georgia and for patients battling life-threatening
453	illnesses and chronic diseases; and
454	(4) Imposing a surcharge on pharmacy benefits managers that engage in these practices
455	in this state may encourage entities licensed under this title and other payors to use
156	about one has a fits more some that are committed to refusing a from such an ations

456 pharmacy benefits managers that are committed to refraining from such practices.

(b)(1) A pharmacy benefits manager that engages in the practices of steering or imposing
 point-of-sale fees or retroactive fees shall be subject to a surcharge payable to the state
 of 10 percent on the aggregate dollar amount it reimbursed pharmacies in the previous
 calendar year for prescription drugs for Georgia insureds.

461 (2) Any other person operating a health plan and licensed under this title whose
462 contracted pharmacy benefits manager engages in the practices of steering or imposing
463 point-of-sale fees or retroactive fees in connection with its health plans shall be subject
464 to a surcharge payable to the state of 10 percent on the aggregate dollar amount its
465 pharmacy benefits manager reimbursed pharmacies on its behalf in the previous calendar
466 year for prescription drugs for Georgia insureds.

(c)(1) By March 1 of each year, a pharmacy benefits manager shall provide a letter to the 467 468 Commissioner attesting as to whether or not, in the previous calendar year, it engaged in 469 the practices of steering or imposing point-of-sale fees or retroactive fees. The pharmacy 470 benefits manager shall also submit to the Commissioner, in a form and manner and by a 471 date specified by the Commissioner, data detailing all prescription drug claims it 472 administered for Georgia insureds on behalf of each health plan client and any other data 473 the Commissioner deems necessary to evaluate whether a pharmacy benefits manager 474 may be engaged in the practice of steering or imposing point-of-sale fees or retroactive 475 fees. Such data shall be confidential and not subject to Article 4 of Chapter 18 of 476 Title 50, relating to open records; provided, however, that the Commissioner shall 477 prepare an aggregate report reflecting the total number of prescriptions administered by 478 the reporting pharmacy benefits manager on behalf of all health plans in the state along 479 with the total sum due to the state. The Department of Audits and Accounts shall have 480 access to all confidential data collected by the Commissioner for audit purposes.

481 (2) By March 1 of each year, any other person operating a health plan and licensed under 482 this title that utilizes a contracted pharmacy benefits manager shall provide a letter to the 483 Commissioner attesting as to whether or not, in the previous calendar year, its contracted 484 pharmacy benefits manager engaged in the practices of steering or imposing point-of-sale fees or retroactive fees in connection with its health plans. The health plan shall also 485 486 submit to the Commissioner, in a form and manner and by a date specified by the 487 Commissioner, data detailing all prescription drug claims its contracted pharmacy 488 benefits manager administered for Georgia insureds and any other data the Commissioner 489 deems necessary to evaluate whether a health plan's pharmacy benefits manager may be 490 engaged in the practice of steering or imposing point-of-sale fees or retroactive fees. Such 491 data shall be confidential and not subject to Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50, relating 492 to open records; provided, however, that the Commissioner shall prepare an aggregate 493 report reflecting the total number of prescriptions administered by the reporting health

494	plan along with the total sum due to the state. The Department of Audits and Accounts
495	shall have access to all confidential data collected by the Commissioner for audit
496	purposes.
497	(d) By April 1 of each year, a pharmacy benefits manager or other person operating a
498	health plan and licensed under this title shall pay into the general fund of the state treasury
499	the surcharge owed, if any, as contained in the report submitted pursuant to subsection (c)
500	of this Code section.
501	(e) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to authorize the practices of steering
502	or imposing point-of-sale fees or retroactive fees where otherwise prohibited by law.
503	<u>33-64-13.</u>
504	To the extent that any provision of this chapter is inconsistent or conflicts with applicable
505	federal law, rule, or regulation, such applicable federal law, rule, or regulation shall apply."
506	SECTION 9.
507	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, this Act shall become
508	effective on July 1, 2021, and shall apply to all contracts issued, delivered, or issued for
509	delivery in this state on and after such date.
510	(b) This section and Sections 1, 5, 7, and 10 of this Act shall become effective on
511	January 1, 2021, and shall apply to all contracts issued, delivered, or issued for delivery in
512	this state on and after such date.

513

SECTION 10.

514 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.